$\qquad$

## NO CALCULATORS

## Part 1: Simplify

1. Simplify: $\frac{x^{3}-9 x}{x^{2}-7 x+12}$
2. Simplify: $\log _{2} 5+\log _{2}\left(x^{2}-1\right)-\log _{2}(x-1)$

## Part 2: Solve

1. Solve: $4 x^{2}-21 x-18=0$

Find the equation of the line that is
3. perpendicular to the line $2 x+3 y-8=0$ at the point $(1,2)$.
2. Simplify: $\frac{\sqrt{x-2}+\frac{5}{\sqrt{x-2}}}{x-2}$
4. Simplify: $2 \log _{4} 9-\log _{2} 3$

The line with a slope of 5 passes through 2. the point $(-1,3)$ and intersects the $x$-axis at what point?

Find the equation of the line that passes
4. through the point $(2,4)$ and is parallel to the line $2 x+3 y-8=0$

## Part 3: Unit Circle

1. Evaluate:
a) $\cos (0)$
b) $\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
2. Evaluate:
a) $\arccos \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$
b) $\arcsin \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

## Part 4: Solve Again

1. Solve: $2 \sin ^{2} \theta=1-\sin \theta$
2. $\frac{x+1}{x}-\frac{x}{x+1}=0$
3. $2 x+1=\frac{5}{x+2}$
4. $\frac{2 x}{4 \pi}+\frac{1-x}{2}=0$

## Part 5: Miscellaneous

1. Find $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$ for $f(x)=8 x^{2}-1$.
2. Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\left(x^{2}-4\right)}{x-2}$
3. What is the domain for the function $f(x)=\ln (2 x-12)$
4. Complete the square: $x^{2}+4 x+3$
